



Xeos
Technologies Inc.

Ares User Manual

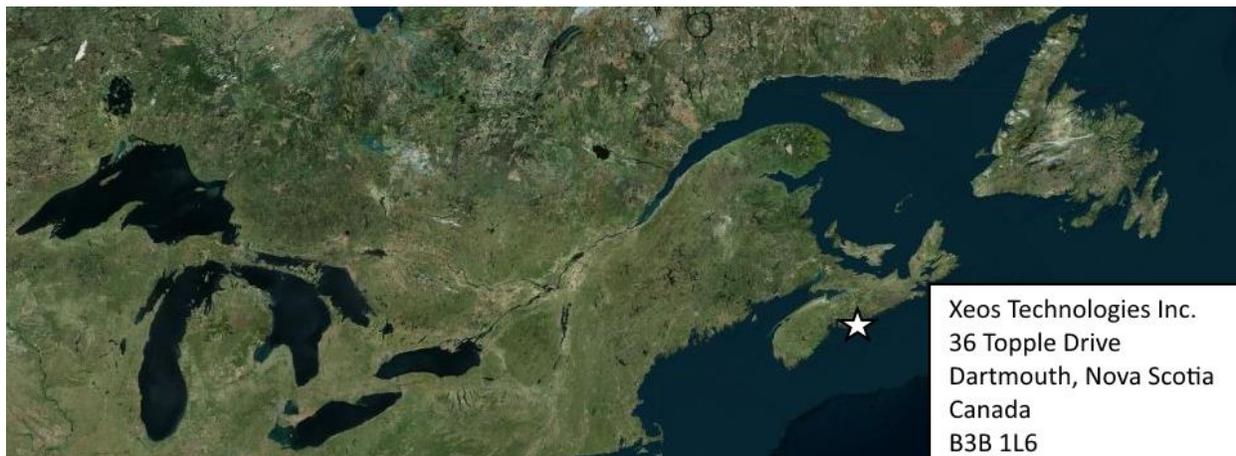
OPTICAL TURBIDITY SENSOR



Version 1.0

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Shipped From



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Version History

Version No.	Date	Description
0.1	May 2021	Original draft document
0.2	Oct 2021	Expanded command description and adjusted timings for the 18-bit system, frame redefinition
0.3	Jan 2022	Frame redefinition to include checksum, added bulkhead
1.0	Mar 2022	Updated cover photo, corrected connector reference

Regular checks for the latest manual are suggested. Be sure to check [Xeos Technologies' manuals page](#) to compare versions and download the latest version.

Overview

The Ares Turbidity Sensor features state-of-the-art technology for measuring water clarity for environmental water quality monitoring, oceanographic research, marine operations and aquaculture monitoring. The Ares is based on the optical measurement principle, using ultrabright, energy-efficient infrared LEDs as an excitation source and detectors with filtering to measure the infrared light scattered by suspended particulate material in a water volume. These digital optical sensors are programmed with a calibrated response to the scattered light that can be converted to quantitative measurements of turbidity (measured in Nephelometric Turbidity Units or NTUs).

The excitation light from the LEDs is carried to the sample volume through optical fiber and scattered light is returned through accompanying optical fiber angled at 90 degrees. The fiber optics serve two key functions: to increase the efficiency of the light delivery and recovery thus reducing power requirements, and to enable a much smaller optical head.

Specifications

Mechanical

Length (excluding connector)	10.5 cm / 4.13 inch
Diameter	3.175 cm / 1.25 inch
Weight in air	148 g
Depth Rating	500 m
Material	Acetal plastic with copper-nickel faceplate

Electrical

Input voltage	6-18 VDC
Current draw @ 12 V (analog-only sensor)	10 mA
Current draw @ 12 V (digital+analog sensor)	12 mA
Analog voltage out (nominal)	0-5 V
Baud rate	9600-115200 (38400 default)
Serial configuration	8 bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, no flow control

Optical

Wavelength	850 nm
Optical bandwidth	30 nm

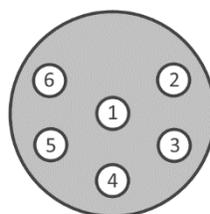
General

Range	150 or 1500 NTU Fixed for analog sensors Configurable for digital+analog sensors
Temperature range (operating)	0 to +40 °C

Bulkhead Connector Pinout

Sensor bulkhead connector is a MCBH6M (face view below); mating connector is an MCIL6F.

Pin	Function
1	Voltage In (DC)
2	Ground
3	RS232 TX
4	RS232 RX
5	Analog Out
6	Ground



* In an analog-only sensor, the digital interface is disabled.

Safety

*If sensor is suspected of being flooded, *slowly* loosen the bulkhead just enough to release the pressure. Backing the bulkhead out of the body creates extra volume inside the housing, reducing the pressure.*

Cleaning and Maintenance

Cleaning the sensing area should be done carefully and without abrasive cleaners that could scratch the epoxy windows. For example, mild detergent and a soft toothbrush are suitable.

Before each mating of the bulkhead connector, it should be greased with MolyKote 44 Medium.

Calibration

The Xeos Turbidity Sensor is currently only calibrated at the factory. User recalibration is not recommended at this time.

Digital Configuration Commands

This section applies only to digital sensors.

The prompt is available after sending the Ares a carriage return (Enter key).

Command	Description	Argument Values
\$help	Returns current settings and list of commands	
\$set range <i>arg</i>	Sets the turbidity saturation value in NTU	150, 1500
\$set autogain <i>arg</i>	Turns autogain on/off	on, off
\$set averaging <i>arg</i>	Turns averaging on/off	on, off
\$set interval <i>arg</i>	Set the frame interval in milliseconds	300-3600000
\$set lowgain cal <i>arg1 arg2</i>	Set calibration coefficients for 0-1500 range	a1 a0 (see notes)
\$set highgain cal <i>arg1 arg2</i>	Set calibration coefficients for 0-150 range	a1 a0 (see note)
\$set baud <i>arg</i>	Sets the sensor baud rate	9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200
\$set frame ??????	Set frame format. Fields are 'serial number', 'seconds', 'counts', 'NTU', 'LED', 'Ascii/Binary'	y/n y/n y/n y/n y/n a/b
\$exit	Leave menu and continue measurements	

Range

The range of the sensor is configurable to either 150 or 1500 NTU. Autogain must be disabled to guarantee all data is collected in a given range.

Autogain

Autogain works in one of two ways, depending on the sample interval.

If the sample interval is ten seconds or longer, then for each sample the Ares first tries a measurement at high gain. If the sample is near saturation, then the Ares transmits a frame. If it is near saturation, the Ares immediately switches to low gain, repeats the sample, and then sends out the frame.

If the sample interval is less than ten seconds, then a near-saturation reading causes the Ares to switch to the lower gain for the next sample. If Ares is in low gain, then three consecutive samples below a threshold will cause it to switch to high gain for the next sample.

The threshold NTU values for gain switching include some hysteresis to limit repeated gain switching for turbidities close to the thresholds.

Averaging

If averaging is enabled, and the sample interval is five seconds or longer, ten individual measurements are collected. Those are then averaged and a single frame is transmitted.

If the sample interval is less than five seconds, Ares does not have time to perform averaging and overrides the averaging setting.

Interval

Set the output frame interval from 300 ms (rate = 3.3 Hz) to 3600000 ms (rate = 1 per hour).

Calibration Coefficients

These should only be changed by advanced users. Contact Xeos for more information.

Baud

Sets the baud rate of the output frames. The change in baud rate is immediate, so the user end will not longer be able to communicate with the sensor unless it also changes its baud rate.

Frame Configuration

The fields of a frame can be enabled or disabled, but the order of the fields is fixed. The fields are:

Serial number	Seconds since power up	Counts	Calibrated turbidity in NTU	Relative LED output	Checksum
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The number of **seconds since power up** is nominal - the Ares does not perform rigorous timekeeping. If timing is critical for an application, then the frame should be timestamped externally. The seconds value rolls over at 86400 (i.e. the number of seconds in 24 hours).

Counts will generally be positive values, but for low turbidities they may be negative. On the other hand, **calibrated turbidity** is clamped to a minimum value of 0 NTU.

Relative LED output is a measure of the LED intensity, relative to the output at 20 C when the sensor was calibrated. LED output is inversely proportional to temperature. Though the temperature sensitivity of the Ares is small, advanced users may wish to apply an additional correction using this field. Contact Xeos for more information.

The **checksum** is a two-letter code. The algorithm starts by summing all of the bytes in the frame before the checksum into a 32-bit value. It then takes the least significant byte of that sum and converts each nibble into a printable ascii character by adding 65.

Note: At the time of writing, binary frames have not yet been implemented.

Exit

Data collection resumes with the exit command. If, while in the menu, no input is received for one minute, then data collection automatically resumes.

Mounting and Field-use Considerations

The Ares is designed to be easy to use. Simply power it up and collect the output digital or analog signal. However, some considerations will ensure that the data is of the highest quality. These include sample volume, ambient light, bubbles, sediment, and biofouling.

The primary sample volume, defined as the volume of overlapping fields-of-view of the source and detection fibers, is small and close to the end of the sensor. However, turbidity, by its nature causes scattering in all directions. Some light scatters multiple times over a much larger volume, before being detected by the Ares. For the most accurate measurements, an unobstructed volume of about 10 cm around the end of the sensor is recommended. The impact of objects in that volume will increase as they get closer to the Ares' optical input and output.

The Ares uses modulated light to make its measurement. This technique is the same as that used by infrared remote controls for household electronics. The technique allows the signal of interest to be separated from the unmodulated ambient light. However, very strong light levels will reduce the margin available from the photodetector to make its measurements. Thus, mounting the Ares pointing upward near the water surface would not be recommended. Fortunately, water strongly absorbs infrared light, so mounting even at shallow depths below the surface, either horizontally and facing downward is sufficient to reduce ambient light levels.

If the Ares is mounted in a place with many bubbles, they may become trapped in the copper endplate if the Ares is mounted facing downward. In those environments, mounting horizontally would be preferable. However, generally below a few meters' depth, bubbles should not be an issue. Similarly, mounting the Ares facing upward in a high sediment environment could allow sediment to collect on the sensing face. In that case mounting horizontal or downward is preferred.

Biofouling is a problem common to most aquatic sensors. The Ares uses a copper-nickel endplate to deter biofouling. The time between required cleaning of the sensor will vary greatly from site to site and between applications.

Warranty, Support and Limited Liability

Xeos Technologies Inc. warrants the Ares turbidity Sensor to be free of defects in material or manufacturing for a period of one year following delivery. Liability is limited to repair or replacement of the defective part and will be done free of charge.

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